

KS3 Curriculum overview: Mathematics

Why do we study Mathematics at The Earls High School?

Mathematics is a powerful tool that has many applications to real life, It is therefore important that students are fluent in the fundamentals of Mathematics and how it can help them in everyday life. (Budgeting, using recipes, understanding nutrient labels on food, reading timetables) The study of Mathematics at The Earls develops students' Mathematical reasoning skills that promote a logical thought process which will enable students to become analytical thinkers. Students will have opportunities to explore Mathematical and non-Mathematical contexts where they are required to develop and apply a strategy to solve a problem using a series of Mathematical processes. At The Earls, the study of Mathematics also reflect the importance of communication skills and students are encouraged to develop their Mathematical vocabulary when participating in discussions, justifying their methods or presenting Mathematical arguments and proofs. Mathematics also provides cross curricular links to subjects such as Science, Geography and Computer Science where a secure knowledge of Mathematics is required.

What skills and knowledge do we anticipate students will have in this subject before they begin at The Earls High School?

There is an expectation that students have a good understanding of the statutory requirements as set out in the programmes of study for Key Stage 2 Mathematics National Curriculum.

What skills and knowledge would we like students to have in this subject at the end of their time at The Earls High School?

By the end of Key Stage 4, students will be confident across the three strands of mathematical fluency, reasoning mathematically and being able to use their mathematical ability to solve problems within mathematical and non-mathematical contexts. Develop Fluency Students will have consolidated their knowledge of the number system extending to standard form, limits of accuracy and powers and roots. (Fractional indices higher tier). Students should be able to select and use an appropriate method to solve a complex problem, including calculations using multiples of pi. Consolidated their understanding of algebraic manipulation and simplification to include quadratics expressions and equations, (Surds and algebraic fractions higher tier). Be fluent with expressions and equations to quadratics equations, simultaneous equations, and inequalities. Students will be able to understand and makes links between numerical, algebraic, graphical and diagrammatic representations including that of linear, quadratic, reciprocal functions (exponential and trigonometric functions Higher tier) Reason. Mathematically Be able to make connections on ratio and proportion to include trigonometric ratios working with measures and geometry, understand proportional relations algebraically and graphically. Extend their ability to identify variables and express relationships between variables algebraically and graphically. Make and test conjectures from general patterns and relationships, be able to provide counter examples. Use algebra to support and construct arguments (proofs Higher tier) Reason deductively across geometry, number and algebra including geometric constructions. Explore what can and cannot be inferred in statistical and probabilities settings and express arguments formally. Assess the validity of an argument or the accuracy of a given method. Problem Solving Students will be able to use their knowledge to interpret and solve problems in different contexts including financial contexts. Make connections between different areas of Mathematics and be able to solve a given problem. Students will be able to model situations mathematically and reflect on how their results may have been affected by any assumptions. Students will be confident on selecting an appropriate method and technique and apply this in an unfamiliar concept.

Year 7 Curriculum Map: Mathematics

| Autumn Term | Spring Term | Summer Term |
|--|--|---|
| To learn about: Number operations including using and applying arithmetic with integers and decimals. Working with negative numbers and applying to real life. Understanding Place value, including rounding. Using BIDMAS. Number Properties, understanding the difference between factors and multiples and calculating highest common factors/lowest common multiples both with and without the use of Venn diagrams. Language of Algebra including reading and writing expressions and simplifying expressions through collecting like-terms and writing correct algebraic notation. Substitution into expressions and formulae. Solving equations with unknowns on one side through the balance method and the understanding of inverse operations. Equivalent fractions, including arithmetic with fractions and applying to worded problem questions. Main home learning tasks: There will be one homework each week focusing on consolidating learning through retrieval topics from year 6 and previously taught topics in year 7. There will be revision homework set prior to assessment 1 which will take place after the Christmas break. | To learn about: Understanding the connection between Fractions, Decimals and Percentages Using and applying percentages of amounts by linking it to Proportion. Understanding the fundamentals of Ratio and proportion, simplifying ratios, equivalent ratios, sharing into a ratio (using bar modelling). Probability, both single event and two-event, including worded probability and expressing as fractions, decimals and percentages. Main home learning tasks: There will be one homework each week focusing on consolidating learning through retrieval topics previously taught in year 7. There will be revision homework set prior to assessment 1 which will take place after the Easter break. Key assessments: Students will be assessed on their understanding of topics within lessons through questioning. The second formal assessment will take place just after the Easter break during the Summer term which will include all the content covered in the Spring term. Assessment conditions: Assessment to take place in the Summer term. | To learn about: Properties of shape, specifically triangles and quadrilaterals. Understanding 360 degrees around a full turn, and how this can be used to solve questions in relation to angles in triangles, quadrilaterals, polygons and also applied to multistep problem solving questions. Dimensions, including length and area and applying this to problem solving exercises. Averages, including pie charts and bar charts. Also lots of revision in preparation for the summer exams which happen after half term. Main home learning tasks: There will be one homework each week focusing on consolidating learning through retrieval topics previously taught in year 7. There will be revision homework set prior to assessment 1 which will take place after the Easter break. Key assessments: Students will be assessed on their understanding of topics within lessons through questioning. The second formal assessment will take place following the Easter break including all the content covered up to that point. Averages is the only topic which will be covered after the assessment period and will not be covered on the |
| revision homework set prior to assessment 1 which will | Assessment conditions: | break including all the content covered up to that point. Averages is the only topic which will be covered after |

Year 8 Curriculum Map: Mathematics

Year 9 Curriculum Map: Mathematics